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this was approximately average for all of Lithuania. Of course, sections of track that had many curves or heavy traffic had larger crews. five groups of ten men. These groups were responsible for minor maintenance of five kilometers of track each and the groups were combined for heavy maintenance problems. The only tools we had belonged to the railroad and consisted of such things as shovels, sledge harmers, wrenches and other hand tools. Sixteen men were required to lift a rail.

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- The signalling system used was the standard European-type but I don't remember exactly where the signals were located or the method of operation.
- There was no damage to the railroad line in the battles during 1939-1941. I have ot heard how the railroad line fared in the battles in 1944.
- . There was no loading, or unloading, or storage from the railroad trains in Majaikiai. The passenger and freight trains continued through Majaikiai after exchanging locomotives,
- O. The total population of Majaikiai was about five thousand, divided about 40% Catholic and 60% Hebrew, between whom there were good relations up to the time of the occupation by the Soviets. There was no industry in Majaikiai. There were 50 or 60 small merchant stores and a number of farmers.
- There was no city water or city sewer system.
- 2. Homes located near the center of town were of two stories and those near the edge of town one-story. There were more brick houses than wooden ones. The two-story houses were covered with metal sheets and the one-story houses were about evenly divided between tile and shingle roofs. There was one two-story hospital in town but I do not remember the number of beds or doctors there.
- 3. The streets in town were mostly covered with five-inch stone cubes. Up to 1940 the roads outside of Majaikiai were no more than dirt paths. In 1939 the government ordered construction of seven to eight-meter wide gravel roads connecting the cities and villages. In 1940 a half meter of gravel was used in constructing these roads and in 1941 another half meter of gravel was added. Up to 1940 there were only 15 to 25 automobiles and five to ten trucks in Majaikiai.
- 4. Communists were hated in Majaikiai, for the following reasonss
 - (a) Soviet refugees had told us ho horrible Communism was.
 - (b) At the time of the occupation the Communists discharged the railroad employees and did not provide a means for them to obtain their livelihood. This affected almost all the people in Majaikiai.
 - (c) When the Communists invaded Majaikiai they were received in a friendly manner by the Hebrews and on the advice of the Jews the Communists deported many non-Jews who were never heard from again. Later, the Jews were treated as badly as the rest of the population.

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